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1	NOID	A INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA
		(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)
		MCA (Integrated) SEM: IV - THEORY EXAMINATION (20 20)
		Subject: Software Engineering
Tim	e: 3 H	
Gener	al Ins	tructions:
		that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.
		stion paper comprises of three Sections -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice
_		MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.
		n marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question.  your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
		uitable data if necessary.
		ly, write the answers in sequential order.
		should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be
evalue	ated/c	hecked.
<b>SECT</b>	TION-	<u>-A</u> 20
1. Att	empt a	all parts:-
1-a.	If	you were a lead developer of a software company and you are asked to submit a 1
		roject/product within a stipulated time-frame with no cost barriers, which model
	W	yould you select? [CO1,K3]
	(a)	Spiral
	(b)	Waterfall
	(c)	RAD
	(d)	Incremental
1-b.	T	he — method is also known as the iterative 1
	eı	nhancement model.[CO1,K1]
	(a)	prototype
	(b)	Incremental
	(c)	spiral
	(d)	waterfall
1-c.	` ′	equirements analysis is critical to the success of a development 1
1 0.		roject.[CO2,K1]
	(a)	TRUE
	(b)	False
	(c)	Depends upon the size of project
	(d)	None of the mentioned
	(u)	TORE OF the memoried

1-d.	is a document, formally captures all functional and non-functional requirements of a system.[CO2,K1]		
	(a)	Use Case Diagram	
	(b)	ER Diagram	
	(c)	SRS Document	
	(d)	Feasibility Report	
1-e.		f all tasks must be executed in the same time-span, what type of cohesion is eing exhibited?[CO3,K1]	1
	(a)	Functional Cohesion	
	(b)	Temporal Cohesion	
	(c)	procedural cohesion	
	(d)	Sequential Cohesion	
1-f.	Ir	Design phase, which is the primary area of concern?[CO3,K1]	1
	(a)	Architecture	
	(b)	Data	
	(c)	Interface	
	(d)	All of the mentioned	
1-g.	T	Testing done without planning and Documentation is called? [CO4,K1]	
	(a)	Unit testing	
	(b)	Regression testing	
	(c)	Adhoc testing	
	(d)	None of the mentioned	
1-h.	V	White-Box testing is also known as[CO4,K1]	1
	(a)	Functional Testing	
	(b)	Structural Testing	
	(c)	Behavioural Testing	
	(d)	None of the mentioned	
1-i.	Choose the suitable options with respect to regression testing. [CO5,K1]		1
	(a)	It helps in development of software	
	(b)	It helps in maintenance of software	
	(c)	It helps in development & maintenance of software	
	(d)	none of the mentioned	
1-j.	N	Iain goal of Clean Room Software Engineering is[CO5,K1]	1
	(a)	Achieve zero-defect software	
	(b)	Lower development cost	
	(c)	Improve team collaboration	
	(d)	Reduce project time	
2. Atte	empt a	all parts:-	

2.a.	Explain the advantages and disadvantages of spiral model.[CO1,K3]	2
2.b.	Define functional requirements. [CO2,K1]	2
2.c.	List any two benefits of object-oriented design.[CO3,K1]	2
2.d.	Explain about Cyclomaric Complexity.[CO4,K1]	2
2.e.	Explain the importance of maintenance in SDLC in detail.[CO5,K2]	2
<b>SECT</b>	ION-B	30
3. Ansv	wer any <u>five</u> of the following:-	
3-a.	Explain the differences between verification and validation in software development.[CO1,K1]	6
3-b.	Explain the different development models along with their merits and demerits. [CO1,K4]	6
3-c.	Explain the components of SRS in detail.[CO2,K2]	6
3-d.	describe the essential skill sets required for a person leading the requirements gathering process.[CO2,K2]	6
3.e.	Explain the following: (i) Modularity (ii) Abstraction(iii) Cohesion [CO3,K2]	6
3.f.	Discuss integration testing and explain the differences between top-down and bottom-up integration strategies. Provide suitable examples.[CO4,K2]	6
3.g.	Define Six Sigma and how is it important in project management? [CO5,K1]	6
<b>SECT</b>	ION-C	50
4. Ansv	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
4-a.	Explain the importance of a well-defined software process and how it contributes to the successful delivery of high-quality software products.[CO1,K1]	10
4-b.	Analyze how Agile methodology addresses the shortcomings of traditional software process models and supports dynamic project requirements.[CO1,K4]	10
5. Ansv	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
5-a.	llustrate the role of Data Flow Diagrams (DFDs) in modeling system processes, and compare different levels of DFDs used in system analysis.[CO2,K4]	10
5-b.	Write a short Note on: a)Use Case Diagram b) Data Dictionary c) Data Flow Diagram[CO2,K4]	10
6. Ansv	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
6-a.	Apply the concept class diagram for a banking system that includes account, customer, and transaction classes.[CO3,K4	10
6-b.	Apply the concept of cohesion and coupling to evaluate two software modules and suggest improvements.[CO3,K4]	10
7. Ansv	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
7-a.	Explain the various levels of software testing. Also explain some of the limitations of testing.[CO4,K2]	10
7-b.	Explain the following: (i) Review(ii) Code Inspection(iii) Walkthrough[CO4,K2]	10

- 8. Answer any one of the following:-
- 8-a. Write short notes on the following: (i) Re-Engineering (ii) Forward Engineering 10 (iii) Reverse Engineering[CO5,K2]
- 8-b. Write short notes on the following: (i) COCOMO Model (ii) Risk Management 10 (iii) Configuration Management[CO5,K2]

